

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

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News, Politics, and Miscellaneous Reading

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DANVILLE, KY., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1854.

WHOLE NO. 547.

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE

POETICAL.

"JESUS WEPT."

A human grief—an earthly gloom;

The Savior's spirit wept!

By the cold and silent tomb

Of Lazarus, He wept.

Yes, "Jesus wept"—and lo! on high

The angels ceased to sing.

While every sash in the sky

Low drooped his shining wing.

The Son of God with grief had striven,

Had mourned o'er mortal ill,

And every voice was hushed in Heaven,

And every harp was still.

The Savior's eye grew moist and dim

And sad with human tears,

And all the angels wept with Him

Through countless, glittering spheres.

Oh, holy grief!—that thus could move

The God whom Saints revere,

And concentrate a boundless love,

Within one human tear.

Bright,ainless watchers bore away

That spiritual gem

To beam one more immortal ray

In God's own diamond.

When many a deep and crushing wrong

Was heaped upon him here,

He mourned o'er the misguided throng

But shed no selfish tear.

The cross of Calvary He bore,

Within a manger sleep,

The torturing crown in meekness wore

But only o'er He wept.

But once the waves of sorrow rolled

Above His sacred head,

And awe-struck gazers cried "Behold

How Jesus loved the dead!"

He who but truth and wisdom spake

Had said that Lazarus slept;

Oh! was it strange he should awake,

When Christ over him wept?

What wonder, if the sars of even

Had wandered from their spheres,

Tortured the startled birds of heaven

Of their Redeemer's tears?

If burning suns, which have grown bright

In God's perpetual smile,

To see Him weep, had veiled their light,

And passed in grief the while?

And was it strange th' eternal Choir,

Amazed, should cease to sing?

Then tears should strew o'er every lyre,

And dim each go-doo string?

Well might the roses of the sky

In their immortal bloom,

Glow pale to hear the Saviour sigh,

Beside a mortal's tomb.

Perchance where unknown systems blaze,

Of which we can but dream,

Alas! souls through endless days

Sill chant that wondrous theme;

Perchance with sweet and mournful thrill,

Forever onward swept,

Eternal echoes murmur still,

"The gentle Jesus wept."

ROSA.

CANTON PLACE, Ia.

GOOD AND BETTER.

A father sits 't the chimney-post,

On a winter's day, enjoying a roast;

By his side a maiden, young and fair,

A girl with a wealth of golden hair;

And she teases the father, stern and cold;

With a question of duty, tried and old;

"Say, father, what shall a maiden do?

What a man of merit comes to woe?

And, father, who is fit to pun my breast?

Married or single—which is he best?

Then the site of the maiden young and fair,

The girl of the wealth of golden hair,

He answers as ever do fathers old;

"She who weddean keeps God's letter,

She who weddean keeps God's letter,

Then meekly answered the maiden fair,

The girl with the wealth of golden hair;

"I will keep the sense of the holy letter,

Content to do well, without doing better."

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the Abingdon Virginian.

A Short Sermon.

BY A PLAIN MAN.

TEXT.—But if ye respect to persons, ye

commissin, and are convinced of law as trans-

gressors—James, iii. 9.

My Hearers: I presume that some of you, at

least, are acquainted with the writings of St.

James. I say, I presume, for I assure you

that if you were to be judged by your actions,

no one would ever think that you read the chaper-

ter from which the text is selected.

It is to be inferred from reading James, that

at that early day of Christianity, distinctions

were made between the rich and poor by some

who professed to be followers of Christ. Such

a spirit, all know, is in open and direct violation

of the word of God, and the spirit of Christ;

and it was to correct this evil that St. James

wrote as he did. He did not write in a soft,

caressing manner, but strikes at the evil with

out fear, favor or affection." He writes: "My

brethren, have not the faith of our Lord Jesus

Christ, the Lord of Glory, *with respect of persons*?" This may be construed, first, into an exhortation; second, into a command. Anxious to intro-

duce the "twelve tribes" to walk humbly with God; and to prove their faith by their works.

Assuredly, the apostle exhorts them not to have respect of persons. It is a command-

ment, because whatever the apostles wrote was

by inspiration, or the influence of the Holy

ghost, and is therefore binding upon us.

The Bible teaches us that all are brethren;

therefore we should not make any distinctions but

between the good and bad, or the pious and

the wicked. And such as profess to be Christians,

and have respect of persons, give lie to their

professions. But alas! how often do we see per-

sons, preachers and laity, bowing and scri-

ting to the rich nabob, who may be as wicked

as a great wag.

"There's a young woman lyin' in that ere

house yonder," said he to us, as we were rid-

ing on the outside with him, last summer, "ther's a

young woman been lyin' there near about a

month, and they hasn't buried her yet."

"Why not?" we innocently inquired.

"Cause she ain't dead!" quietly remarked he,

as he tickled the ear of his high-leader with his

whip.

The following is told of our stage-driver, who

is a great wag:

"There's a young woman lyin' in that ere

house yonder," said he to us, as we were rid-

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

HAVING lately added to our Job Office, some

of the most fashionable styles of

NEW TYPE,

We are now prepared to fill all orders for

PLAIN AND FANCY

JOB PRINTING,

In a style which cannot be surpassed in the

State. Our stock of

TYPE CARD TYPE

Is very complete, and those desiring either Pro-

fessional or Business Cards, are invited to send

in their orders.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,

Tribune Office, Danville, Ky.

ADVERTISING:

For each square of 12 lines or less, first inser-

tion, \$1.00

Each additional insertion, .25

A liberal discount made to Yearly advertisers.

Post and Procession Notices, each .50

Advertisements of a personal character char-

ged double.

Announcing a candidate for any office, \$1.00

Continuing same until the election, .10

Announcing Fees to be paid in advance, .10

Notices of Religious and Public Meetings, Marriages and Deaths, published free.

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The Kentucky Tribune.

At Frankfort, Ky.
Wednesday, Feb. 17, 1854.

[Confined from the Frankfort papers.]

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 8.

Senate.

DEATH OF HON. HENRY CLAY.

Mr. D. Howard Smith addressed the Senate in relation to the death of Mr. Clay, and other resolutions appropriate to the occasion.

Messrs. Wolfe, Machen, Giddings, and Cunningham, also made remarks appropriate to the occasion.

The resolutions were adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

This bill exempts \$100 worth of tools, provided one work horse of the mechanic (now exempt) may be sold.

A bill amending the act incorporating the town of Crab Orchard: passed.

A bill reducing into the one the several acts incorporating the town of Stanford: passed.

A resolution from the House to print the speeches in relation to the death of Henry Clay was passed.

House.

Bills were reported as follows from select committees:

Mr. D. B. Johnson.—A bill to regulate the duties of County Courts in granting tavern licenses; made special order for Wednesday next.

Mr. Woodrige.—A bill to charter the Kentucky Cumberland Gap and Southern Railroad Company; passed.

Mr. M. T. Wilson.—A bill to prevent the retailing of ardent spirits to minors; laid on the table.

The House adopted a resolution to hold evening sessions after the 15th instant.

GEN HENRY E. READ.

Mr. Lee offered a joint resolution commending to H. E. Read, for his gallant bearing and services in the Mexican War, us an Ensign of Volunteers under Col. Andrews, and providing for the presentation of a sword by the Governor on behalf of the State. [Gen. Read is now the Representative from Larue county.]

The votes were dispensed with, and the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The following bills, which had passed, in the Senate with amendments, were taken up, and amendments concurred in, viz: An act to incorporate the Danville, Dick's River and Lancaster Turnpike road Company.

An act to incorporate the Garrard, Lincoln and Boyle Turnpike road Company.

MONDAY, Feb. 13.

Senate.

Mr. Bullock—Judiciary.—A bill to permit the personal representatives of non-resident debtors to sue in this State; reported the same with amendments; amendments concurred in, and the bill passed.

A bill to authorize the Secretary of State to purchase certain law books. [Amends the purchase of 500 copies of Monroe and Harlan's Digest at \$10 per copy.] Mr. Machen moved to amend by striking out \$10 and inserting \$9; adopted. The bill was passed, Feb. 22, 1854.

A bill for the benefit of the mechanics and laborers of Grant county; amended so as to include the counties of Jessamine, Anderson, Mercer, Lyon, Greene, Blair, Casey and Shelby—and the bill passed.

Stop—a bill to amend the 45th chapter of Revised Statutes: title "Abuses of power"; passed.

Same—a bill to quiet the title to lands in this Commonwealth; passed.

Mr. Kephass—Public Offices—Made a report recommending additional clerks in the Auditor's office, a clerk to the Treasurer, and an increase in the salaries of the clerks in the Register's office.

A bill conferring additional powers upon the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State of Kentucky; passed.

HOUSE.

Mr. Waddington, from the Committee on Circuit Courts, reported a bill to establish the 13th Judicial District and to regulate the terms of the Circuit Courts of this Commonwealth, as ordered to be passed, and referred to the Committee of the whole for Friday next.

Mr. Farny—Education.—A bill for the benefit of mechanics in school districts to Boyle and Mercer counties; passed.

The motion of Mr. Rees to reconsider the vote rejecting the Convention interest bill being the special order, was taken up, and the vote reconsidered; yeas 47, nays 44.

The Conventional Interest bill and the Code of Practice were discussed and adjourned. The bill amending the Code of Practice was passed.

FRIDAY, Feb. 10.

SENATE.

Bills as follows were reported from committees:

Mr. D. Howard Smith.—A bill to charter the Clay Monumental Association; passed.

Mr. Spencer—Judiciary.—Voted to amend the 99th chapter of the Revised Statutes, title "Taverns, Tipping houses, &c." [Amends the chapter so as to provide that County Court, &c., shall not grant any license to any one who by present law, is entitled to be licensed, until the applicant shall take oath not to sell, or give, or cause to be sold, or given, any wine or spirituous liquor to any slave, of which he is not the owner, or the employer of, without a written order from the owner, &c., and an order shall be required for each sale. All persons entitled to sell, without a tax to the Commonwealth, shall also take the same oath. For a violation, a fine of \$10 for each offense is imposed, recoverable before the Justice of the Peace, Police Judge, or Presiding Judge of the County Court, in the county where the offense is committed. Gives jurisdiction to all officers mentioned in said 99th chapter, where the same suit to be recovered is not exceeding \$50; passed.]

HOUSE.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill from the Senate to establish a conventional rate of interest.

Considerable discussion ensued on the bill—amendments and rebates were offered.

Mr. Anderson had up to this time, voted against an increase of the rate of interest, but being entirely satisfied as to the policy of enacting such a principle upon the legislation of the State. But subsequent reflection had produced a change in his mind, and he was now of opinion that the best interest of the country demanded the passage of the bill under consideration.

The amendments were all rejected—and the question being taken on ordering the bill to a third reading, it was rejected, yeas 40, nays 52.

SATURDAY, Feb. 11.

SENATE.

Mr. Spencer, from the committee on Judiciary, a bill to amend the charter of the Scioto Railroad Company; passed.

Same, a bill to exempt Mechanics' tools from sale under execution; passed.

HOUSE.

REAR AND DUMB ASYLUM.

A Senate bill making an appropriation in aid of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, was passed—yeas 29, nays none.

The Senate bill to charter the Clay Monumental Association, was taken up and passed.

The election of public officers was postponed to Monday next, 20th.

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Mr. Pardington is anxious to know who is the Nebraska bill; that the father of fifty-one children, thirty of whom are now living. He had three wives, the first of whom was the mother of fifteen children, two of whom were twins. The second was the mother of fifteen—having had twins three times, the latter, who is still alive, has twenty-one children—having had twins five times.

The Legislature of Rhode Island

the first to pass resolutions against Douglas' Nebraska bill, which is an Adminis-

tration measure; yet that body is Demo-

cratic in both branches. That looks like

a sorry support of the President in his

first attempt to do something.

The following is equal to the efforts

of the Boston Post in its palmy days:

"There are thirteen thousand marriageable girls now in the factories of Lowell. It is pleasant to know in this world of misery that there are thirteen thousand men yet to be made happy."

BENEFITS OF GEOGRAPHICAL SURVEYS.—

The Louisville Journal of Monday

takes a sensible and patriotic view of the attempt now making in Congress to annul a geological survey of that State. The

discoveries of the first year developed

the existence of copper and gold ores, drew

to them the attention of capitalists, and

have already increased the revenues of

the State to five times the cost of the

whole survey. In the second year,

seams of the poorest bituminous coal, some

of them fifteen feet in thickness, extending

through a region of some forty-five

square miles, rewarded their investiga-

tions. It is estimated that every thou-

sand acres of these seams will yield

nearly as many tons of bituminous coal

of the best quality.

THE "Ring Hen's Chicken" of

Washington, Delaware, lays the follow-

ing before his readers:

"There living in Tainall street,

a colored man aged sixty-eight, who is

the father of fifty-one children, thirty of whom

are now living. He had three wives,

the first of whom was the mother of fifteen

children, two of whom were twins. The

second was the mother of fifteen—having

had twins three times, the latter, who is

still alive, has twenty-one children—

having had twins five times.

THE next Session of this School

will commence on MONDAY, THE

13th of FEBRUARY, 1854. There

are but two sets of Boys in this School:

The one studying Arithmetic, Mental and Writing, English Grammar, and Geography, besides a daily exercise in Reading, Spelling and Writing.

The other, Reading in the 3d Eclectic Reader, and studying Parley's Primary Geography.

My intention is to

join the class in

the first year.

It is my desire to

have the school

open to all

children

from 6 to 12 years of age.

Persons wishing to see this school are invited to call.

R. ALICESEN ALEXANDER.

jan 27 1854 3m

Danville Tribune insert 3m and charge Lex-

tington Observer.

feb 3, 1854

G. W. COLLINS

feb 10, '54 tf

JNO. L. MCKEE

feb 10, '54



Danville, Ky.,
FRIDAY—FEB. 17, 1854.

The February Term of the Boyle Circuit Court commenced on Monday last—Judge Bridges. As a number of cases have been postponed in consequence of those concerned being ready for trial, we presume the present term of the Court will be shorter than usual.

Fair on the 22d.

We understand that the Ladies of the Presbyterian Churches in this place, will hold a Fair, in the Court-House, up stairs, on Wednesday next, the 22d instant. They will have to tempt the appetite and please the eye, an abundance of the delicacies and luxuries of the season, fancy articles, etc. The public needs no assurance that the proceeds of this Fair will be used in a commendable manner!

The coming 22d will be celebrated in our town by the Danville Artillery and the Literary Society of Centre College. The Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and perhaps other associations, will join the procession—having been invited to do so by the Societies.

Read all the new advertisements. There's too many of them to specify.

Valentine's Day was duly observed in our town by the young ladies and gentlemen. (This includes all over five years old and three feet high.) The Post Office was, at times, thronged with enquirers, and the letter box filled with the loving missives.

The CRITTENDEN DINNER—We were honored by the Committee of Invitation with a cordial invitation to the dinner given to Mr. Crittenden on yesterday, at the Mansion House, by the Whig members of the Legislature, and the citizens of Frankfort. We regret that our engagements prevented us from being present on such an interesting festive occasion. Mr. Crittenden occupies now the proud position of Kentucky's favorite son. He is one of the few truly great men left in our nation, and may well be looked to in connection with the next Presidency. The country needs now, when a storm seems impending over it, the wise counsels of all such men, and we regret that he does not at this crisis occupy a seat in the U. S. Senate.

A Fine Supper—On Monday evening last, we were invited to partake of a fish and oyster supper, at the City Hotel, (see "Central House"). On arriving to be there, we found not only those delectable articles in abundance, but every thing else appetizing—indeed—all nice and good, and prepared in that excellent and tempting style for which the hostess of the Hotel is so universally remarkable. There were a great number of persons present at the feast, though not as many as could have been accommodated without any inconvenience, nor, necessarily as the abundance of palatable edibles invited. We understood that the enterprising proprietors of the Hotel had been giving regular suppers of a similar order.

The APPROPRIATION BILL—it will be seen from our Legislative proceedings that the bill laying the State off into Congressional Districts has been ordered to a third reading in the Senate. It will undoubtedly pass that body, and we hope the House will act upon it with equal promptness. The Logoscoo gerrymandering substitute, offered by Mr. Hogan, of Grant, and rejected, was a "sweet" affair. For instance, Gallatin was added to the already too populous Ashland District; Taylor was taken from this, the 14th District, and Mercer added; and other Districts whacked out in the same bungling, one-sided manner.

FOREIGN NEWS—The steamer Africa arrived at New York on the 14th, but none of her news, except a commercial item, had been telegraphed previous to Wednesday. Wheat and flour has slightly declined in price, and corn advanced 1s.

The last arrival, before that of the Africa, brought London dates to the 25th of January. The news may be briefly summed up. There was no abatement in actual hostilities, and preparations for an attack; but no further battles are reported either on the Danube or in Asia. The allied fleet was last seen steering for Bombay, with a fair wind. The Russian fleet was also at sea.

A telegraphic despatch from Vienna says the Czar's formal reply will be a contemptuous refusal of the Vienna note, also referring Turkey to Gorschakoff for further particulars, and asserting positively that he will not give up one iota of Merschakoff's first demand.

THE NEBRASKA QUESTION—The National Intelligencer, noticing the debate upon the bill to organize the territory of Nebraska, involving the question of the extension or restriction of slavery in the territories of the Union, says: "We must in candor say that this day is not a pleasant one. We had fondly hoped that we should not see this 'mountain of bitterness' reopened in the halls of Congress during the remainder of our lives. But man proposes and God disposes. The painful discussion is again upon us, and we must meet it in such a way as duty to our readers imposes upon us."

THE APPROPRIATION TO THE DEAF AND DUMB—The House has seconded the motion to appropriate the sum of \$100,000 to the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. The bill now only awaits the signature of the Governor to become a law. This action of the Legislature places it in the power of the Trustees of the Institution to make the buildings what they should be, both as regards commodiousness and appearance.

DANVILLE SAXHORN BAND—The grand concert, by this band of amateurs, under the direction of Mr. W. A. Stevens, on Thursday evening last, satisfied the highest expectations of our citizens, and was enjoyed by a large and a numerous audience. The music by the full band was excellent, both the style of the pieces and the manner of their performance. The gentlemen composing the string band deserve the thanks of the audience for the pleasure they afforded.

Messrs. Burbank and Sims, in their vocal and piano performances, also acquitted themselves in good style, and deserved much credit to their reputation as accomplished musicians. But it is useless to specify further. The whole affair passed off agreeably, and those who attended enjoyed a rare musical feast. Mr. Stevens may well be proud of this band, as it speaks much for his skill as a thorough instructor and leader.

We understand that the band will favor us with another of their concerts at an early day, of which due notice will be given.

IN the lower branch of the Legislature of Kentucky, the following is given as the professions of the members, by a correspondent of the Louisville Courier: Farmers, 29; Farmers and Traders, 2; Farmers and Teacher, 1; Farmers and Lawyers, 2; Lawyers, 35; Merchants, 4; Cabinet maker, 1; Brick layer, 1; Physicians, 5. The youngest members of the House are Messrs. G. W. Reaser, of Louisville, and Philip Lee, of Bellville, each 24 years.

ry will be celebrated by the Chamberlain, Deologian and Athenagor Literary Societies, of Centre College. Speeches will be delivered on that day morning, afternoon and evening, by young gentlemen selected respectively from the above mentioned Societies. All who have an acquaintance with the speakers will be sure to be in attendance, and hundreds will flock to the church to witness a display of youthful oratory from which they expect to experience all that fascination which eloquence, when genuine, never fails to produce.

Kentucky, by the genius and eloquence of her statesmen, has become renowned everywhere—It is a land of beauty and of song—of brave men and beautiful women. And assuredly, the crystal notes of eloquence have never proceeded from young gentlemen who were more capable of entertaining an audience, than those who will speak on Wednesday next. We doubt not that a very large portion of our population will greet our young friends with joyful hearts and approving smiles on this, their first appearance before a public audience in our city. With voices as sweet and silvery as Belial himself, we bespeak for them a large audience.

Temperance Speech.

At the Methodist church, on Tuesday evening last, our citizens were entertained by a speech on the subject of Temperance, by Rev. H. P. Jonsson, of Perryville. We regret that the inclemency of the weather prevented many from attending who otherwise would have done so;

the audience was larger, however, than any one had anticipated, and the eloquent and forcible speech of Mr. J. was listened to with great interest. Some of his "pictures on the wall" were counterparts of the realities in our little city, and we heartily wish that a larger number of those whose ideal physiognomies were thus presented had been within hearing of the speaker, in order the better to see themselves as others see them.

Mr. Johnson is no second rate man as a temperance lecturer. He understands the subject of which he treats, and presents it in a bold, fearless, eloquent and logical manner—confirming and strengthening the friends of the cause, and discrediting and defying its enemies. Twenty such men as H. P. Johnson—his soul fired with zeal for this good, nay, holy cause, would, we venture the bold assertion, revolutionize the public sentiment of Kentucky in one year.

Lexington and Danville Railroad—New Attachment.

Mr. A. De Graff, of Layton, Ohio, known as the "Layton King," has made an arrangement with the Lexington and Danville Railroad Company by which he takes the exclusive charge of which he treats, and presents it in a bold, fearless, eloquent and logical manner—confirming and strengthening the friends of the cause, and discrediting and defying its enemies. Twenty such men as H. P. Johnson—his soul fired with zeal for this good, nay, holy cause, would, we venture the bold assertion, revolutionize the public sentiment of Kentucky in one year.

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Gallatin was added to the already too populous

Ashland District; Taylor was taken from this,

the 14th District, and Mercer added; and other

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sided manner.

THE SHELLY NEWS, in publishing Senator

Dixon's letter defining his position on the Ni-

braska bill, says: "For our part, we cannot see

any argument, by any one of the supporters of the measure, a single good reason ad-

vanced for the violation of the Compromise of 1850."

The Richmond Whig says: We see it esti-

mated that the value of public lands to rail-

roads asked from this Congress, according to

the bills introduced or projected, amounts to the

enormous sum of \$350,000,000. That is distrib-

uted among the public lands, or the proceeds thereof,

with a vengeance, under a Democratic Adminis-

tration. All may not be granted at this ses-

sion, but the process of distributing goes on

gradually from year to year.

SHOCKING CALAMITY.—A correspondent of the Hopkinsville Whig says that, on the night of

the 20th ult., the house of Mr. John Parker, in

Christian county was burned, and that three of

his children perished in the flames.

SALES OF STOCK—A large number of mules

and other stock were sold in Paris, on the last

borrow court day. One auctioneer alone sold 200 head of mules. Two years old

and under, \$100 to \$125; yearlings, \$65 to

\$85; three years old, \$125 to \$150; four years

old and over, \$150 to \$175.

ADVERTISING.—In one of the proverbs of Sol-

omon, the New Bedford Mercury, we find

the most comprehensive and satisfactory expo-

sition of the philosophy of advertising, that ev-

er was or could be written, viz.: that there is that

which costs more than is met, but it tends to

to poverty."

And the words of Paul to the Corinthian

apostle express the same idea: "He which sow-

eth sparingly, shall reap also sparingly; and he

which soweth bountifully shall reap also boun-

tifully."

THE Washington city grows steadily, though

not rapidly. Having no trade or manufac-

tures, it is inferior to the cities of the South,

but it is growing rapidly.

The committee of the Virginia Legisla-

ture to whom the bill was referred several

petitions for a prohibitory liquor law, reprobated against it.

For every dollar that Boston spends upon her

city government, she spends a dollar and thirty

cents upon her public schools.

The N. Y. Tribune concludes an article on

the Boston school system with the following ad-

vice: "Plough early, sow early, and plant early next

Spring."

EARTH ENGAGEMENTS; and FLORENCE, (a sequel) by Mary Praeger, Cincinnati; Moore, Anderson, Wilstach & Keys. 1854. Another handsome work from the publishers—a neat volume as above. The title indicates the character of the volume. The scenes are Southern and Western, the plot well laid, and the whole book full of interest. It shows to the church to witness a display of youthful oratory from which they expect to experience all that fascination which eloquence, when genuine, never fails to produce.

Kentucky, by the genius and eloquence of her statesmen, has become renowned everywhere—It is a land of beauty and of song—of brave men and beautiful women. And assuredly, the crystal notes of eloquence have never proceeded from young gentlemen who were more capable of entertaining an audience, than those who will speak on Wednesday next. We doubt not that a very large portion of our population will greet our young friends with joyful hearts and approving smiles on this, their first appearance before a public audience in our city. With voices as sweet and silvery as Belial himself, we bespeak for them a large audience.

THE RICHMOND FIRE.—The Messenger gives

the following list of the sufferers by the recent fire in Richmond:

Wm. Holloway, goods merchant; S. Wherry, silversmith and jeweler; S. T. Turner, goods merchant; S. L. Herford, residence; Farley & Taylor, hardware merchant and timer, and their residence; T. E.



STOVES & TINWARE!

I HAVE now on hand a large assortment of Parlor, Bed-Room, Cooking, Office and Shop STOVES of the best patterns, and warranted to work well. This stock of Stoves can bear recommendation.

My assortment of TINWARE is also very complete, and will be sold low for cash, either at wholesale or retail, or exchanged for Country Produce.

I have also a good variety of articles of JAPANNED WARE, and in short, a full stock of everything in my line of business. Persons purchasing of me will find all I sell to be just as represented.

Calls and see for yourselves, if you wish to buy superior Stoves or Tinware at very low prices.

D. GIFFEITE.

N.B. I will still times attend to calls in the HOUSE CUTTERING line, either in town or country, on reasonable terms, and in the best manner.

Persons purchasing of me will find all I sell to be just as represented.

Call and see for yourselves, if you wish to buy superior Stoves or Tinware at very low prices.

D. G.

Douville, nov 11, '53 if

THOS. E. C. BRINLEY & CO.,
Manufacturers of
PLOUGH'S,
Simpsonville, Shelby co., Ky.

WOULD invite the attention of the Farmers throughout the country to our stock of Ploughs. They will continue to manufacture all kinds—among others, the

STEEL ROUNDER PLOUGH.

Which are said to be the best now in use, the lightest running, and most serviceable to farmers. They are made of the best materials—in the most workmanlike manner—will be sold fully as cheap as they can be made at any ploughing in the country—and are guaranteed to run well in any soil.

They have among them—John L. plough-stockers, John N. CARRER and ALLEN MATTHEWS, two of the best stockers in the State, to do that part of their work. They have not been able heretofore to supply the demand for their ploughs, but having now several completed workmen, is their intention to keep a supply constantly on hand, and all orders will be promptly filled.

We hope it is understood that a great deal of their important work on our ploughs is done by ourselves, and that not one leaves the shop without passing our inspection.

Our Ploughs can be had in Danville at Mr. G. A. ALMS' FOUNDRY, who is our agent, and also at Mr. JOHN HOSKINS, in Garrard county.

THOS. E. C. BRINLEY & CO.
Simpsonville, nov 25, '53 if

SECOND ARRIVAL OF
Second & Winter
CLOTHING!

At Leverett's Clothing Importer,
On Main street, between M. Trinity's Drug
Store and Henry's Confectionery.

WE find, here, the place where the last
Largest, best and most fashionable stock
of Ready-Made Clothing is kept on hand.

EXTRACORDINA ADVANTAGES
Are to be gained by dealing at this popular es-
tablishment, as the proprietors are well
known as the CHEAPEST and BEST clothiers
in the city. Our present stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing
Is every still and superior, embracing all the la-
test styles of Gentlemen's

Overcoats, Clocks,
Dress Frock and Bed Coats,
PANTS AND VESTS,

All well made and of a great variety of cuts.
Also, a good supply of

Gent's Fur and Cloth Goods,
HATS, ADPS. &c.,
Tog-tails with a large stock of BOYS' CLOTH-
ING, of every superior quality.

TAILORING—Persons desirous of their own
Gowns can have them cut and made up by us in fashionable style.

L. LEVENSON & BRO.
Danville, oct 24, '53 if

STRAWBERRIES—It was an old practice in Europe, though not generally observed, to save a few tresses of long straw through the winter, and lay it under strawberry plants when the fruit began to swell. Indeed, it was hence that the fruit derived its name, for the plant has no relation to straw in any other way, and all the old writers on gardening speak of the custom in connection with the berry. The straw not only *protects* the plants in dry weather, but keeps the fruit clean when it rains near the harvesting. After the fruit is gathered, the straw can be taken to the granary, for which its value has been in no way diminished. Unless taken away, however, in furrows insects, who injure the vines. On this account, some prefer green grass, cut when the berries begin to form.

CUTTING Scars—The present month is a proper time for cutting scars for grafting. Shoots of last year's growth from healthy and vigorous trees furnish the only good scions, and care should be taken they are from well-ripened wood, as the value of the scionage depends on the perfection of the scion as well as that of the stock. They can be kept until needed, in a dry, cool cellar, with the lower end buried in the earth, or better, in pits in dry, sandy soils, situated on the N.W. side of a wall or tight fence.—*Rural New Yorker.*

REMOVAL AND CHANGE
Immense & Attractive Stock,

MORRIS L. HALLOWELL & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

HAVING removed into their splendid new
Warehouse, entrances Nos. 147 Market
and 14 N. 14th street, are opening for the
Spring Trade an assortment of

SILK AND FANCY GOODS,
For export and variety will supersede any
stock ever offered in the market. Entering into
their New Store, which is ONE OF THE LARGEST IN AMERICA, with a business of an immense
amount already established, and increasing largely to increase it, especially with those who

BUY FOR CASH,
And believing that the first system in finding
Goods is to have UNIFORM T.D. Es., do not
be surprised to call at a much smaller profit
than can possibly be obtained where less credit
is given.

Under their CASH and SHORT CREDIT
SYSTEM the necessity for charging large profits does not exist, and by selling their goods at a very

Small advance on the Foreign Cost.
They mean to make it the interest of every
page of Geor to buy upon the following

REASONS—

CASH BUYERS will receive a discount of
SIX per cent, if the money to be paid is in pur-
chase within 10 days from date of bill.

UNCURRENT MONEY will only be taken
at its market value on the day it is received.

To MERCHANTS OR UNPAID STANDING A
check or draft will be given, if desired.
Where there is reason to suppose of matur-
ity a discount at the rate of 7% ELVET PER
CENT, per centum will be allowed.

They seek from Merchants visiting the
Eastern Cities, the favor of an examination of their
stock, being satisfied that they will be convinced
that it is not their interest to pay the large
sums that are ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL to those
who give long credits.

MORRIS L. HALLOWELL & CO.
Philadelphia, dec 20, '53 if

Rheumatism can be Cured!

MORTIMORE'S Rheumatic Compound
for sale by W. M. STOUT, c14. Sign of the Big Coal & Mortar.

Blasting and Rifle Powder.

60 KEGS Blasting Powder:

9,999 feet Sacks of Gun-

powder for sale at the

MAMMOTH GROCERY

Aug 5, '53

Few Old Cider Vinegar.

A few barrels just received and for sale
at the Big Coal & Mortar.

Sept 2, '53 W. M. STOUT

Sign of the Big Coal & Mortar.

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